

By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

1. Yousabbeho¹ (says: subhana Allah) for Allah what (are) in the Heavens^w and what (are) in the Earth^w; for Him (is) the proprietorship and for Him (is) the praise; and He (is) over every-thing Omnipotent.

2. He Whoa created youb; so of youb an unbeliever and of you^b a believers; and Allah by what you^z work (is) Baseeron (keen: Seer/comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences).

3. [He]created the Heavens^w and the Earth^w by the right^x; and [He] portrayed/fashioned you b; then ahasana ([He] ultimately perfected and beautified) your portraiture-/fashion; and to Him(is) the destiny.

4. [He] knows what (are) in the Heavens and the Earth; and [He] knows what you z conceal and what you z disclose; and Allah (is) Omniscient by the chests' possession.

5. Has not ya'atekom (come to youb) naba'o² (piece-of-significantand-availing-news) (of) whom tunbelieved they of before then tasted they wabala (burdensome ill-result) (of) their matter; and for them (is) a painful torment.

6. Tha'leka(afar-that-it/) x (is) because that [it x] were w ta'atey (approaching) them their messengers by the evidences w then said they^z: are humans divinely-guide us; then unbelieved they z and diverted they z; and istaghna4 (affirmably enriched) Allah; and Allah (is) Rich Hameedon (iteratively praised/iteratively praiser He).

7. Claimed who r unbelieved they z that never (to be) resurrected⁵ they^z; let-say [you^s]: bala⁶ (certainly-not); by my Lord, surely assuredly (to be) resurrected you z; afterwards surely assuredly tonabba'ona (to be informed by piece-of-significant-and-availing-news you^z) by what you^z worked; and *tha'leka*(afar-that-it/)x(is) on Allah easy.

8. So let-believe you^z by Allah and His messenger and

يُسَبِّحُ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ لَهُ ٱلْمُلكُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمْدُ وَهُو عَلَىٰ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿ هُوَ ٱلَّذِي خُلُقُكُرٌ فَمِنكُرٌ كَافِرٌ

نُؤْمِنٌ وَآللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَ

خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ بِٱلْحُقّ وَصَوَّرَكُمْ فَأَحْسَنَ صُورَكُمْ وَإِلَيْهِ

يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تُسِرُّونَ وَمَا تُعْلَنُونَ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُورِ ﴿ أَلَمْ يَأْتِكُمْ نَبَوُّا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِن

قَبِّلُ فَذُاقُواْ وَبَالَ أَمْرِهِمْ وَهُمَّ

ذَالِكَ بِأَنَّهُۥ كَانَتِ تَّأْتِهِمْ رِسُلُهُۥ

زَعَمَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓا أَن لِّن يُبْعَثُوا ۗ قُلِّ عَمِلْتُمْ وَذَالِكَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ يَسِيرٌ ﴿

فَعَامِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ . وَٱلنُّورِ ٱلَّذِيَ أَنزَلْنَا َ

¹ The word "yousabbeho" has no English equivalent! It means [he] says, "subhana Allah," that is: singling Allah as excelling in all good qualities, that He transcends all shortcomings, and that He is unique all around. Every tasbeeh (saying subbana Allah) in The Qur'an is a Prayer, says Ibn Abbas, see القرطبي for his tafseer (explanation of this Ayab)!

² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "naba'a!"

³ This "it" refers to the "right" = (الحق) as the Arabic reference is to a "masculine," الله الله عنه الله الله "The word "نظهر أو أكّد مغالته" meaning showed or affirmed His richness! See المغني اللبيب

⁵ The word "نبعث" in "نبعث" carries several meanings, among them: sent, arouse, resurrected, and prompted!

⁶ The word "bala" = "certainly-not" is absolutely not synonymous to "yes" = "نعم"," see footnote 196 or the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration!

⁷ The "التاكيد" and in "التاكيد" are juratory "لا القسم" = "ال " amounting to "التبعثن"," i.e. affirmation, expressed in both cases by "assuredly"!

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the illumination which ^x We descended; and Allah by what you ^z work (<i>is</i>) Proficient.	وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿
9. Day [He] gathers youb for the Gathering Day; tha'leka (afar-that-it/) x (is) At-Taghabun's Day; and whoever [he] believes by Allah and [he] works righteously, [He] expiates a'n (off) him his sayye'aa'te (demeritorious-deeds) and [He] admits him paradises /gardens run from under it the rivers, immortals they (are) in it ever; tha'leka (is) the win the great.	يَوْمَ تَجُمَعُكُمْ لِيَوْمِ ٱلْجَمَع ذَالِكَ يَوْمُ التَّغَابُن وَمَن يُؤْمِنُ بِٱللهِ وَيَعْمَلْ صَلِحًا يُكَفِّرْ عَنْهُ سَيَّاتِهِ وَيُدْخِلُهُ جَنَّت ِ جَرَى مِن تَحُبَّا ٱلْأَنْهَرُ خَلدِينَ فِيهَآ أَبَدُا ۚ ذَالِكَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴿
 10. And who^r unbelieved they^z and denied they^z by Our Aya'te^w (messages) those (are) The Fire's w companions, immortals they z (are) in it w; and wretched (is) the destiny. 11. Not betided [He/it^w]⁹ of a disaster except by Allah's leave; and whoever [he] believes by Allah (He) divinely-guides his heart; and Allah by every-thing (is) Omniscient. 	وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَكَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَنِنَا أُوْلَتِهِكَ أَصِّحَبُ ٱلنَّارِ خَلدِينَ فِهَا وَبِئْسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ﴿ مَا أَصَابَ مِن مُصِيبَةٍ إلَّا باذُن اللَّهِ مَن يُؤْمِنُ بِٱللَّهِ يَهْدِ قَلْبَهُرُ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَليمٌ ﴿
12. And let-obey you ^z Allah and let-obey you ^z the messenger; then <i>en</i> (<i>if</i>) you ^c diverted, then verily only on Our messenger (<i>is</i>) the announcement ^x the manifester ^x .	وَأَطِيعُواْ ٱللَّهُ وَأَطِيعُواْ ٱلرَّسُولَ فَا فَإِنَّمَا عَلَىٰ فَإِنَّمَا عَلَىٰ فَإِنَّمَا عَلَىٰ رَسُولِنَا ٱلْبَلَغُ ٱلْمُبِينُ ﴿
13. Allah no an <i>elaha</i> (<i>a deity</i>) except Him; and on Allah then let trust the believers.	ٱللَّهُ لَآ إِلَهُ إِلَّا هُوَ ۚ وَعَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿
14. O you who they believed: verily of your spouses and your children (are) foe for you; so ehdhro (lettake-caution you towards) them; and en (if) you pardon and you condone and you forgive, then verily Allah (is) Ghafooron (iterative forgiver), Raheemon (iterative mercy Giver).	يَتَأَيُّنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِنَّ مِنْ أَزُوْجِكُمْ وَأُولُندِكُمْ عَدُوَّا لَا عَدُوَّا لَكُمْ فَإِن تَعْفُواْ لَكُمْ وَإِن تَعْفُواْ وَتَعْفُواْ وَتَعْفُواْ فَإِنَ تَعْفُواْ وَتَعْفُرُواْ فَإِنَ لَكُمَ اللَّهَ عَفُورًا فَإِنَ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمُ عَلَيْ
15. Verily only, your n possessions and your n children (are) a fetnaton w (essay/enticement/allurement/charm) w; and Allah has great remuneration.	إنَّمَا أَمُوَالُكُمْ وَأُوْلِندُكُرٌ فِتْنَةٌ وَاللَّهُ عِندَهُ وَأَخْرُ عَظِيمٌ ٢

⁸ The word "At-Taghbun" literally means: mutual defrauding or slighting! And the "Resurrection Day" is referred to as such because the Paradise folks and the Hell folks mutually "defraud or slight" each other! As each of Paradise and Hell is made up to contain two places for potential occupiers, but ultimately only one would occupy both! And this is how and Allah knows best! Allah created for each being of the believers and the unbelievers, two places in Paradise and two places in Hell! So, on the Day of "At-Taghbun" the folks of Paradise exchange their places in Hell by giving them up in favor of the unbelievers and simultaneously taking the unbelievers' places in Paradise which would have been for the unbelievers had the unbelievers believed and worked accordingly! So, such an exchange is an exchange of "seemingly defrauding or seemingly slighting," as who would accept such an exchange but coercively! But that is the right and just recompense for both! As in this world the unbelievers had "sold" their Hereafter duties and neglected them! While the believers had "purchased" their Hereafter duties and worked righteously for them! So, there is no defrauding or slighting per se at all!

The subjective noun (i.e. i) for betided (i.e. i) could be "He, i.e. Allah," or "it,"" = "nounce is disaster!"

¹⁰ Theword"عدو,"in Arabicis used for: (1) singular and (2) plural and as (3) "multitudinous foe," see اللهادي

16. So ettaqo (let reverentially guard you² not to displease) Allah whatever you could and let-listen you² and let-obey you² and let-expend you² khayran (choicer/ superior/- worthier) for your selves; and whoever [he] (is) protected (from) own-self shuhha¹¹ (stinginess/ stinting towards doing what is obligatory) then those they (are) the thrivers.

17. En (if) you² requite Allah a requital hasanan (ultimate meritorious deed) [He] doubles it for you hand [He] forgives for youb; and Allah (is) Shakkoron (iterative Thanker), Forbearer.

18. The unseen and the seen Knower; The Mighty The Hakeemo¹² (infinite hekmah Possessor).

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¹¹ The word "shuhha"="יוליים" versus "וויישל "the two words are too different! "שובל" means deficiency in obliging towards what is expected or presumed duty or responsibility, where as "וויישל" is greed in giving wealth! So, "ashuhha" is (stinginess, stinting towards doing what is dutiful, i.e. obligatory)!

[&]quot;احكيم" and "الحكيم" See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "احكيم"